

Name: _____

Date: _____

Study Sheet: Portraits, Landscapes, and Still Lifes

How did Northern portraits differ from Italian portraits?

Italian artists favored rigid profiles that displayed power. Northern artists began to paint subjects head-on or busy at work.

How did portrait painter Hans Holbein the Younger portray the personalities of his sitters?

His portraits frequently included items that the person used in business or that represented some aspect of his or her life.

What did the increasing merchant class's demand for landscape paintings allow artists to do?

Artists could explore the tremendous variety of faces and scenery that made up the Flemish landscape around them.

What was Quentin Massys best known for?

-His use of movement to capture a split second in portraiture
-His painting *The Grotesque Old Woman*, which is probably a metaphor for an unfaithful wife

List some characteristics of Bruegel's painting style:

-He often portrayed country folk.
-He painted landscapes and scenes depicting daily life or simple tasks.
-His paintings were filled with symbolism and moral messages.

Why was Bruegel sometimes known as "Peasant" Bruegel?

He often portrayed country folk, whose daily tasks were considered (by some) to be mundane.

What is the main message behind Bruegel's *Peasant Dance*?

Even when people appear to be enjoying the fleeting pleasures of drink and dance without a care in the world, the terror and violence of religious conflict is always lurking in the background.

Vanitas is a style used for what type of painting? **The still life**

What message did the vanitas style of painting convey?

Life is fleeting.